



University of  
**Nottingham**  
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# MMME2044 Group Design & Make

## Air Motor

### Clinic session for PDR

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# Outline of session

## The purpose of the PDR clinic session is

- to give an overview of PDR pro-forma
- to recap creative design methods from 1<sup>st</sup> year and their use in PDR submission
- *to update information from RAP's press statement (to a later date)*
- to clarify and discuss general and specific questions
- to **get feedback** of your **MMME2044 learning and activities**

# Preliminary Design Review (PDR)

**Preliminary Design Review (PDR)** is a key stage of the whole design process and normally performed at the end of conceptual design

- to present possible concepts, methods of evaluation and rationale of chosen concept
- to present a refined design with initial assessment of preliminary calculations
- to report on team working and plans for next stage of project

**Note: PDR is a formative submission**

# What should be included in PDR submission?

- **A single group report in PDF format submitted on Moodle by 3pm, Friday, 28<sup>th</sup> October**
- **A PDR check list and PDR pro-forma are available in the Group D&M project folder in the Design Tutorial and Support section on Moodle**
- **PDR report should include (in PDF format)**
  - Completed PDR checklist (1 page per group)
  - Statement of Requirements (1 page per group)
  - Concept generation with annotations (1 page per student)
  - Morphology chart (1 ½ pages per group)
  - Concept selection (2~3 pages per group)
  - Summary and plan of Team working (2/3 page per group)
- **A typical PDR report is between 10~15 A4 pages**
- **Use the name “PDR\_Group number” in submission, e.g. “PDR\_Grp22.PDF”**

# Methods for concept generation

Prof Geoff Kirk will give a recap on **Creativity and Concept Generation**. The lecture slides can be accessed from the [link](#) to **1<sup>st</sup> year MMME1024 module**

## ➤ **Brainstorming**

A commonly used group creativity activity for concept generation

## ➤ **Analogy**

- A way to identify and use similarities in forms, features and other characteristics of one solution to solve another design problem
- Search for relevant information from various sources may be a good start

## ➤ **Morphology chart**

A useful method to identify key enabling functions and possible solutions. Various combinations or mapping could lead to an optimum solution

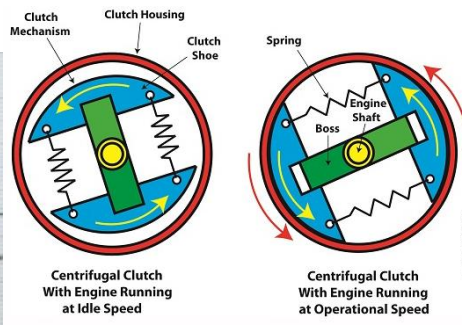
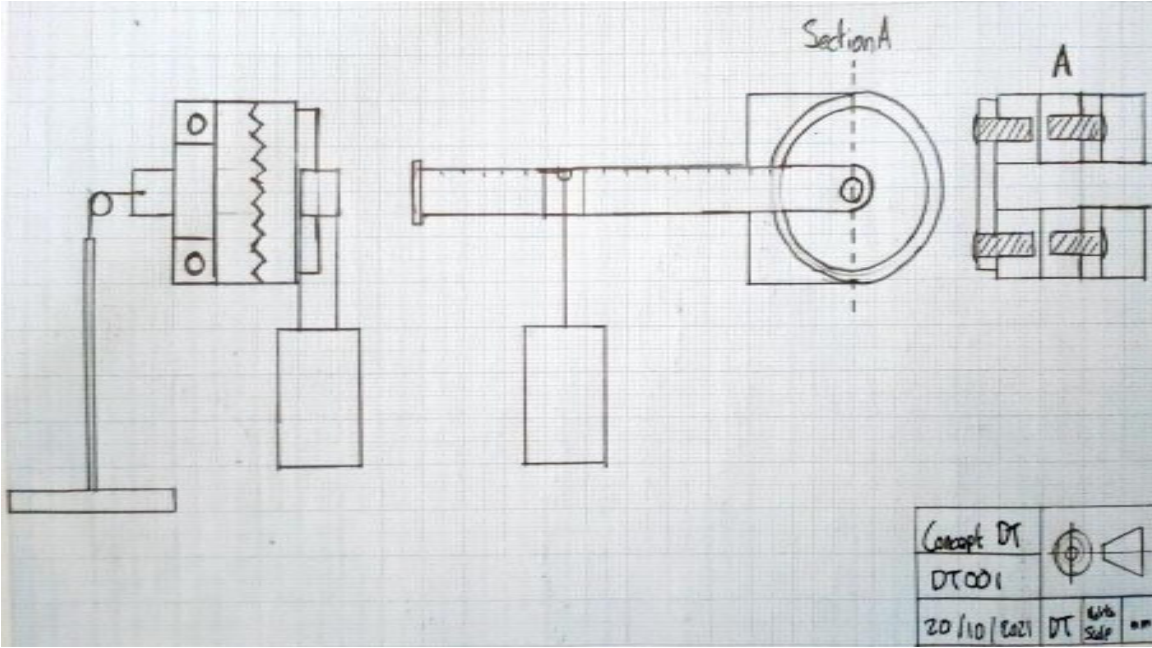
# Methods of concept/design presentation

- **A hand sketch (or stick diagram) with annotations** is an efficient means to
  - capture ideas,
  - identify key components,
  - define a general layout and working mechanism.
- A scaled **embodiment sketch/drawing** or a simple Solidworks assembly model sections or views is useful means to show the overall layout and assembled components of some details.
- ***A complete set of GA (General Assembly), detail drawings and Solidworks CAD assembly/part models plus other documents, e.g. report, calculation/evaluation data are the official outcome and documentation of a design for production and handover to customers (only for CDR submission later)***

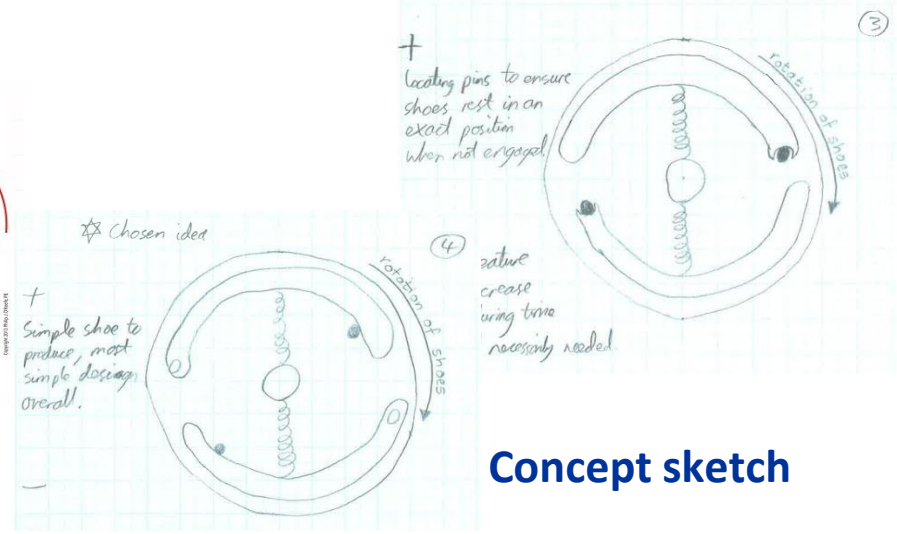


# Examples of Embodiment sketch

➤ **Embodiment sketches** show a general layout and overall sizing of key components in more details of a chosen concept.



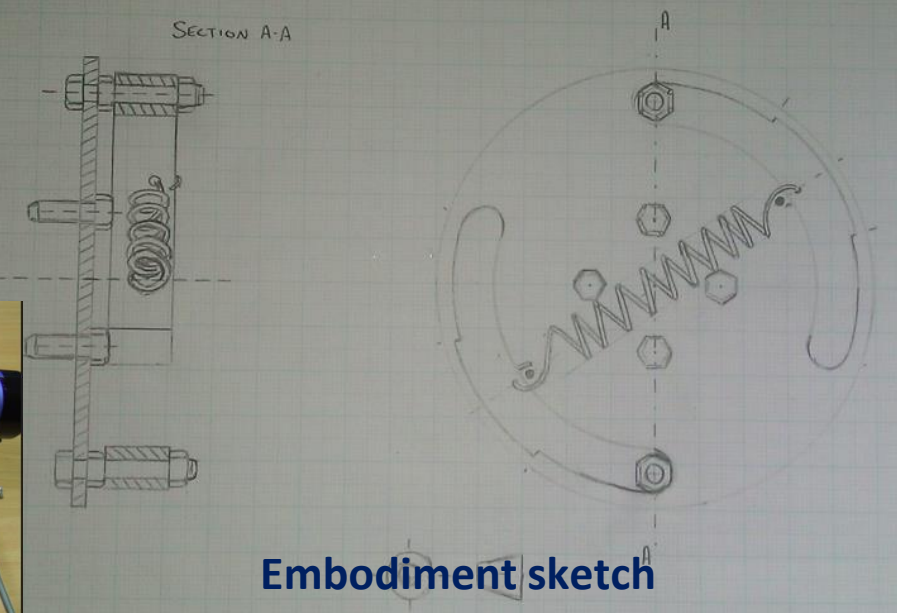
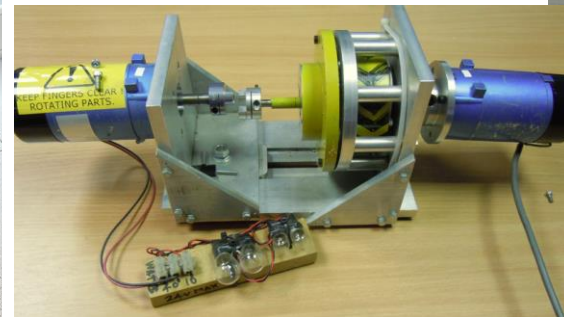
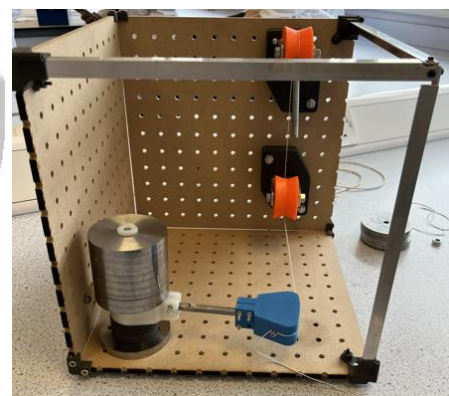
**Group D&M  
Centrifugal clutch**



**Concept sketch**



**Group D&M Test rig of  
Hirth Coupling (21-22)**



**Embodiment sketch**

# Team working

- Successful completion of the Group Design and Make (Air Motor) project **requires efficient communication and team working, individual effort and good planning.**
- The PDR report include a **summary on Team working** on
  - group work and individual contribution to PDR
  - a plan for CDR submission
  - any issues for your Design Tutor's attention
- Use of the **Air Motor Task List** available in [Design Tutorial and Feedback section on Moodle](#) can be a useful means for record keeping, project management and actions. Its use can be used as evidence of good team working and individual effort in CDR submission.



# Feedback

- **General feedback will be provided by your tutor**
  - **Satisfactory** - The deliverable was achieved on time to a **satisfactory standard** – you can proceed with your selected design.
  - **Category 1 Deficiency** - The deliverable was not achieved or there was a **major deficiency**. The deficiency needs to be addressed in a timescale.
  - **Category 2 Deficiency** - The deliverable was achieved but there was a **minor deficiency** to be addressed within an agreed timescale.
  - **Observation** - Items that are acceptable but **can be improved**.
  - Additional feedback on the presentation, quality and clarity of contents of the PDR report and possible areas for improvement

# Calculation and modelling

## ➤ Piston force, torque and power equations

$$F = p \times A$$

where,  $F$  - force (N)  
 $p$  - pressure (Pa)  
 $A$  - area (m<sup>2</sup>)

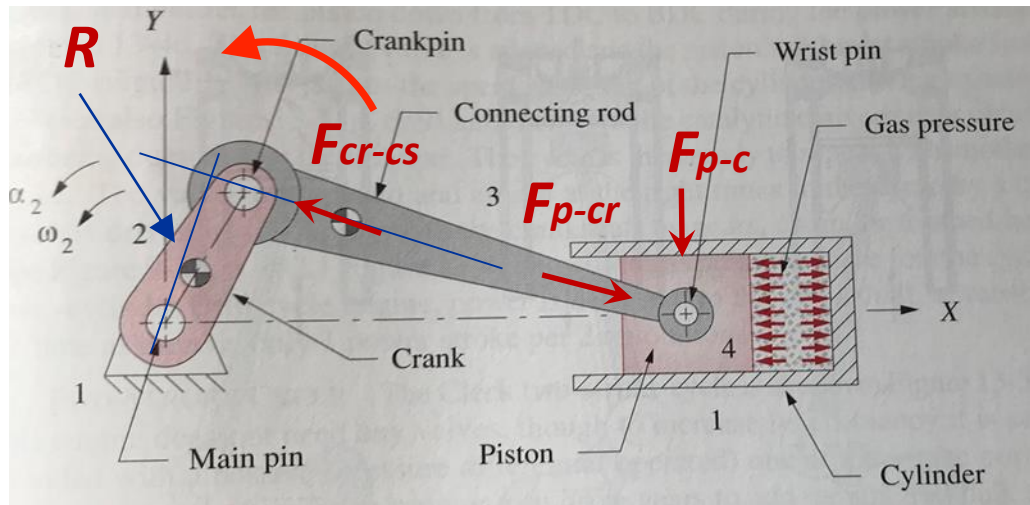
$$P = T \times \omega$$

where,  $P$  - Power (W)  
 $T$  - Torque (Nm)  
 $\omega$  - Rotating speed (rad/s)

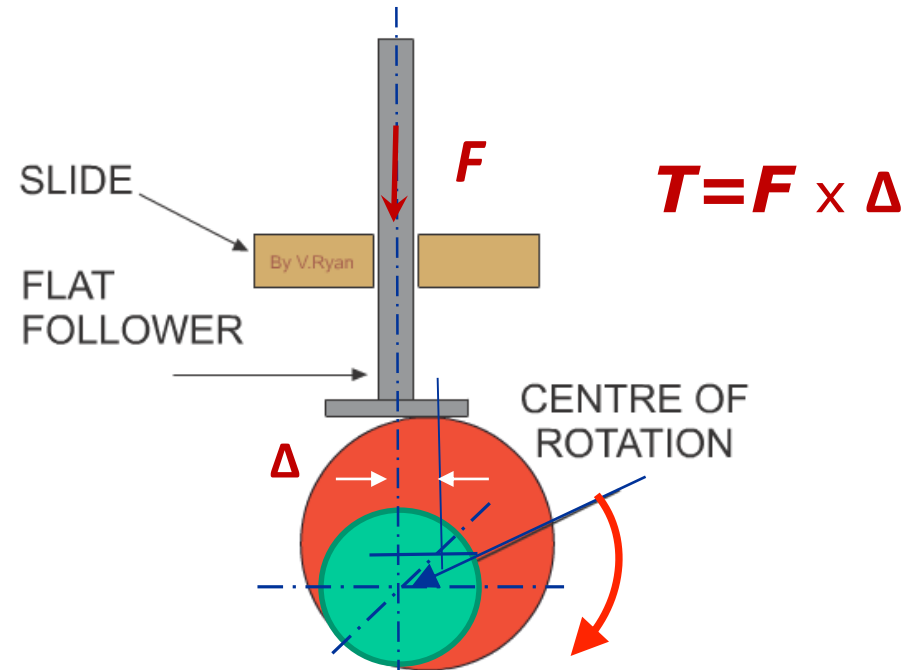
$$T = F \times R$$

where,  $T$  - Torque (Nm)  
 $F$  - Force (N)  
 $R$  - Torque arm (m)

$$T = F_{p-cr} \times R$$



A slider-crank mechanism



Eccentric cam and flat follower